Mindful Continuing Education

Integrative Psychotherapy

1. Integration refers to what where integrative psychotherapy is concerned?
A. how parts of the system are related to the wholeB. the flexibility in this treatment methodC. the willingness to think differently about therapy
D. asking patients to think differently about therapy
2. Integrative psychotherapy has how many main approaches that it uses?
A. 2 B. 3
C. 4
D. 5
3. All of the following but one is a main approach in integrative psychotherapy. Which does not belong?
A. Motivational interviewing
B. Common factorsC. Theoretical integration
D. Technical eclecticism
4. What percentage of therapists identify as only using one therapeutic modality?
A. 5%
B. 10% C. 15%
D. 20%
5. All of the following but one is a common factor. Which does not belong?
A. Therapeutic relationship
B. Patients have struggles they bring to therapyC. Therapists have positive regard for patients
D. Therapists use regular supervision to enhance clinical skills

6. What percentage of patient outcomes are based on the therapeutic modality being used?

A. 3%
B. 7%
C. 12%
D. 30%
7. What percentage of patient outcomes are based on the common factors in therapy?
A. 20%
B. 40%
C. 60%
D. 80%
8. Integrative psychotherapy was largely born from the schools of Humanism, Psychoanalysis, and
A. Gestalt Psychology
B. Cognitive Psychology
C. Structuralism
D. Behaviorism
9. What is the definition of self-actualization?
A. a set of ideas and beliefs about the self
B. moments of pure joy and elation
C. the belief that humans can choose how they act through self-determination
D. when a person reaches their full potential
10. All of the following but one is a weakness of behaviorsim. Which does not belong?
A. It does not explain biological influences
B. It can be confusing for people who struggle to think for themselves and self-lead
C. It does not explain all types of learning
D. It does not explain mood, thoughts, or feelings
11. Psychoanalysis was built on all of the following concepts but one. Which does not belong?
A. Self-actualization
B. The model of the mind
C. Psychosexual model
D. Dream interpretation
12. All of the following but one is a wellness domain in SAMHSA's 8 wellness domain model. Which does not belong?

A. Physical health

- B. Social health
- C. Environmental health
- D. Relationship health

13. How can eclectic therapy be defined?

- A. Eclectic therapists generally subscribe to one set of theoretical explanations for human behavior and therefore there are a variety of types of eclecticism
- B. Eclectic therapists do not generally subscribe to one set of theoretical explanations for human behavior and therefore there are a variety of types of eclecticism
- C. A type of Syncreticism that blends schools of thoughts and concepts
- D. A form of therapy that relies on many different types of modalities. Some are evidence-based and some are not.

14. Eclectic therapists can identify their thoughts and beliefs about therapy and how to administer it by answering certain questions. Which does not belong?

- A. What is your spiritual practice and how does it influence your work?
- B. What ethical practices do you follow and how?
- C. What are your cultural beliefs and views?
- D. How secure do you feel in your therapeutic relationships?

15. All of the following but one is a benefit of eclectic therapy. What does not belong?

- A. Personalized therapy
- B. Different methods for different issues
- C. Engagement is increased
- D. It requires a strong skill level by the therapist

16. All of the following but one is a benefit to integrative psychotherapy. Which does not belong?

- A. Flexibility
- B. Fewer limitations
- C. Improved relationship with therapist
- D. It is able to focus on one specifc domain

17. Which of the following is a good question to learn about the whole client?

- A. Tell me about your mental health?
- B. Tell me about your physical health?
- C. Tell me about what makes you you?
- D. Tell me about your education?

18. All of the following but one is a pro to a psychoanalytic approach. Which does not belong?

- A. The focus on a specific diagnosis
- B. Encouragement for clients to talk
- C. Mitigate human suffering is a focus
- D. Acceptance is given to the patient

19. Who listed did not influence Humanism?

- A. Carl Rogers
- B. Abraham Maslow
- C. Carl Jung
- D. Rollo May

20. Who listed began Behaviorism?

- A. John Watson
- B. Rene Descartes
- C. John Locke
- D. B.F. Skinner

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