Mindful Continuing Education

Prevention, Identification, and Treatment of Domestic Violence

1. Approximately people are subject to intimate partner violence in the United States annually.
A. 2 million B. 5 million C. 10 million D. 15 million
2. Intimate partner violence accounts for of violent crimes.
A. 5% B. 15% C. 25% D. 30%
3. People who belong to have a higher risk of experiencing IPV victimization.
A. a racial or ethnic minority B. a sexual minority C. a religious cult D. a sorority
4 of abusers have no criminal record and are generally law-abiding outside the home.
A. 15% B. 30% C. 60% D. 90%
5. Frequent traits seen among people who are perpetrators include all except
A. minimizing violence B. objectifying victim C. acceptin accountability D. blaming external causes

6. The commonality among all abusive relationships is

- A. there are none, every relationship is different
- B. the tactics used by the perpetrator to gain and maintain power and control
- C. threats of sexual assault
- D. controling the finances

7. The majority of people with mental illness are

- A. IPV perpetrators
- B. not violent
- C. also substance users
- D. poor parents

8. Forbidding or preventing a partner from eating or sleeping is an example of

- A. physical abuse
- B. emotional abuse
- C. financial abuse
- D. coercion

9. Threatening a partner's children and pets is an example of

- A. physical abuse
- B. emotional abuse
- C. financial abuse
- D. coercion

10. Forcing one's partner to watch pornography is an example of

- A. physical abuse
- B. emotional abuse
- C. sexual coercion
- D. sexual abuse

11. Giving partner drugs or alcohol to "loosen up" their inhibitions is an example of

- A. physical abuse
- B. emotional abuse
- C. sexual coercion
- D. sexual abuse

12. Intentionally becoming pregnant against partner's wishes is an example of
A. sexual abuse B. reproductive coercion C. sexual coercion D. emotional abuse
13. Couples therapy is appropriate and most successful to use with which type of violence?
A. situational couple violence B. intimate terrorism C. violent resistance D. mutual violence control
14. Which type of intimate partner violence is when both partners use violence against each other in an attempt to establish power and control in the relationship?
A. intimate terrorism B. mutual violence control C. violent resistance D. common couple violence
15. The most dangerous time for a victim of domestic violence is
A. when their abuser has been drinking B. when the family finances are meager C. when they try and fight back D. when they are leaving their abuser
16. Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic there had been a in women's risk of both lethal and non-lethal IPV.
A. minor increase B. decrease C. no change D. major increase
17. Mandated reporting laws were put into place to protect vulnerable people but
A. they deter victims from seeking help. B. family members are exempt C. friends are exempt D. victims can decline the mandated report being submitted

18. The most important piece of assessment prior to beinging couple's treatment for IPV is
A. safety assessment
B. mental health assessment
C. substance use assessment
D. referral needs assessment
19 is based on a solutions focus treatment model, and therapists are encouraged to build on client strengths and help them develop non-violent conflict resolution strategies.
A. DVFCT
B. BCT
C. CBT
D. CHRP
20 is a military-specific and intimate partner violence prevention program.
A. Behavioral Couples Therapy
B. No Kids in the Middle
C. Creating healthy relationships program
D. Strength at Home Couples
21 was created for low income, low literacy couples.
A. Behavioral Couples Therapy
B. DVFCT C. Creating Healthy Polationships Program
C. Creating Healthy Relationships Program D. No Kids in the Middle
2. No rudo in the imagic
22 was one of the earliest IPV perpetrator treatment programs.
A. CBT
B. Motivational Interviewing
C. The Duluth Model
D. Dialectical Behavior Therapy
23. When perpetrators are court mandated or struggling to accept responsibility, this may be the best form of treatment.
A. CBT
B. Motivational Interviewing
C. The Duluth Model
D. Dialectical Behavior Therapy

24. Children who witness intimate partner violence are also more likely to experience
A. PTSD
B. emotional abuse
C. anxiety
D. physical abuse
25. The first years of a child's life are key for developing secure attachments with caregivers
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
26. They have more contact with children than any other service.
A. doctors
B. nurses
C. grandparents
D. teachers
27. The ability to navigate through adversity successfully is
A. resilience
B. self-esteem
C. motivation
D. secure attachment
28. This type of abuse was an added challenge during the pandemic when many organizations shifted to remote services.
A. financial abuse
B. digital abuse
C. stalking
D. physical abuse
29. Websites with these allows the user to quickly close the site.
A. pop-up window
B. chat box
C. modal window
D. quick escape button

30. Who has an important role in how they depict intimate partner violence and in influencing how viewers perceive victims and perpetrators?

- A. media representatives
- B. school
- C. shelters
- D. law enforcement

Copyright © 2025 Mindful Continuing Education

Visit us at https://www.mindfulceus.com